THRWASHINGTONIA

VOLUME 1.

Devoted to Total Abstinence, Morals, Education, Literature, Useful Arts, Domestic Economy, and General Intelligence.

Strictly Tec-total, and Exclusive of all Matters of a Political or Sectarian Character, and of all Advertisements of Intoxicating-drink-selling Establishments.

BY GEORGE COCHRAN & CO.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., AUGUST 2, 1845.

[FIFTEEN CENTS PER MONTH.

NUMBER 9.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY GEORGE COCHRAN & CO., WASHINGTON CITY, D. C.

PUBLICATION OFFICE ON SIXTH STREET, SOUTH OF PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING. ONE SQUARE, one insertion, FIFTY cents, or FOUR insertions for ONE DOLLAR. ONE SQUARE, 3 months . . . 6 " 4 00 12 " 7 00

Longer advertisements in proportion. FOURTEEN lines, or under, called a square. BUSINESS CARDS, of SIX LINES, will be conspicuously inserted for FOUR DOLLARS per year,

Apothecaries, Stationers, and others, wishing column or half column, will be accommodated at the lowest rates.

POETICAL FOUNT.

" Here Nature's minstrels quaff inspiring draughts."

From the Columbian Magazine. OH! WEAR FOR ME NO SABLE HUE. BY ANNA CORA MOWATT.

Oh! wear for me no sable hue. No garb of blazon'd grief-when I Shall bid this gladsome earth adieu, And fling my spirit's garments by !

Nor mark the spot with urn or stone, Where worthless dust unconscious lies; Within your loving hearts alone, The monument I ask, should rise!

And shed for me no bitter tear, Nor breathe my name in mournful tone; Your smiles 'twas mine to waken here, And I would think them still my own!

Nor link my image with regret-A pleasant memory I would be; To consecrate and brighten yet The scenes that once were dear to me!

Ah! why should tears bedew the sod Where some beloved one's ashes rest? The soul rejoiceth near its God, And can ye mourn that spirit blest?

Then weep not for the loved one fled To realms more pure-a home more fair; And call not the departed dead! She lives-she loves-she waits you there.

SAFETY-BONDS.

"The pledge tee total has its millions sav'd."

GENERAL PLEDGE.

We promise to abstain from all intoxicating drinks and to discountenance the cause and practice of

PLEDGE OF THE JUVENILE COLD WATER ARMY OF THE DISTRICT. Nor fiery Rum

This youthful band Do with our hand, The pledge now sign To drink no wine. Nor Brandy red To turn the head, Nor Whiskey hot That makes the sot,

To turn our home Into a Hell, Where none could dwel Whence peace would fly, Where hope would die, And love expire 'Mid such a fire; So here we pledge unceasing hate, To all that can intoxicate.

PLEDGE OF THE SONS OF TEMPERANCE. I, without reserve, solemnly pledge my honor as a man, that I will neither make, buy, sell, nor use as a beverage, any Spirituous or Malt Liquors, Wine, or

PLEDGE OF THE UNITED BROTHERS OF TEMPERANCE.

No brother shall make, buy, sell, or use, as a beverage

BAD THINGS .- An unfaithful lover, a dirty cook, a smoky house, a perpetual scold, an aching tooth, an undutiful child, an improvident servant, an intemperate parent, husband, or wife, an incessant talker, a first rate appetite and nothing to eat, a hog that breaks through enclosures, a dull shaving razor, bugs in a bed-chamber, and a dandy.

TRUE.-You may talk of the bonds of affection, the ties of friendship, and all that, says Krantz, but I know of no stronger attachment than that which a sheriff entertains for a poor debtor who can't fork up.

Who are laboring most zealously, faithfully, actively, and efficiently, the rumsellers in a bad cause, or the teetotalers in a good one?

Magnanimity and courage are inseparable. He who shows a want of magnanimity towards his opponent, may be put down a cow-ard, and regarded as afraid of him.

Those great actions whose lustre dazzles us, are represented by politicians as the effects of deep design; whereas they are commonly the effects of caprice and fashion.

Where there is emulation, there will be vanity; where there is vanity, there will be

"I'd have you know, Mrs. Staker, that my uncle was a bannister of the law." "A fig for your bannister," retorted Mrs

Grub, turning up her nose and putting her arms akimbo, "hav'nt I a cousin as is a corridor in

Men of the noblest dispositions think themselves the happiest when others share with them in their happiness.

Different Forms .- An old lady said her husband was very fond of peaches, and that was his only fault. "Fault, madam ?" said one, "how can you

call that a fault?" "Why, because there are different ways of eating them. My husband takes them in the form of Brandy!" POPULAR SELECTIONS.

" From grave to gay, from lively to severe."

From the Kentucky Intelligencer. THE BROKEN PLEDGE.

A TALE OF TRUTH.

The friendships formed in our early youth, leaves, usually, the most abiding influence upon our minds, and we feel a far deeper interest in the welfare, and more poignant sorrow at the ruin of the friends of our childhood, than of those into whose society we are thrown in the succeeding portions of our earthly pilgrimage. Such were the feelings entertained by the writer, at the sad career of Henry G. Possessed of a high order of intellect, rare personal beauty, and an amiable and affectionate disposition; universally beloved, and surrounded with all the advantages which wealth and fashion could bestow, none seemed more likely to spend life pleasantly than he. But it is well Divine Providence has cast a veil over the future, and hidden from mortal man his destiny. Were it otherwise, how many should we see whose youth is cloudless as a summer's morn, to whose future career is reserved the thick and murky cloud, the fierce tempest, and the wasting tornado; whose sun sets ere it reaches its meridian, and no ray of light pierces the thick veil of darkness which hides it from mortal vision! How many, on the other hand, whose cradle has been rocked by the winds, and on whose infant heads the tempest has wreaked its fury, find the evening of life calm and serene, and its last hours lit up by a resplendence so holy and pure, that it seems like a reflection of the glorious of a second Eden!

But to return to our narrative. Henry, as he approached the age of manhood, evinced a decided predilection for a nautical life; and his father, who had followed the sea in early life. offering no opposition to his wishes, he shipped on board of one of the first class London packets, as a common seaman; and such was his activity, intelligence, and amiable demeanor, that he was rapidly promoted, and at the age of twenty found himself first mate of a packet ship of 800 tons burthen. Soon after his promotion Henry's father died, and by his will left him ten thousand dollars in money, besides a large amount of real estate. Possessed of so considerable a fortune, he resolved to abandon nautical life, and live upon his income. Hitherto he had maintained, under all circumstances, a strictly moral deportment, and was regarded as a young man of unblemished character. But there was one weak point in his disposition. He could not refuse the solicitations of his companions, even when his better judgment decided that they were in the wrong. He yielded, although he protested against their course. This proved his ruin.

Having in his new position much leisure, time began to hang heavy on his hands, and he soon formed the pernicious habit of taking a social glass with his companions, to while away the time. Gradually his potations became more frequent and copious, and in two vears it was whispered that Henry G. was becoming very irregular in his habits.

Previous to relinquishing a seafaring life, he had formed an attachment for Julia M., the eldest daughter of a distinguished member of Congress, residing at F., Henry's birth place. This attachment, which had commenced at an early age, was mutual, and had grown with their growth, and gradually strengthened with their increasing strength. It was with the utmost pain, therefore, that Julia observed in his more recent visits Henry's face was flushed, his steps unsteady, and manner constrained. She was convinced of his intemperance, but vainly hoped that others had not discovered it. Soon, however, the evidences of his intemperate habits became too palpable to be mistaken. He was seen on the public streets in a state of intoxication; and finally, after reeling about for some time, fell into the gutter, where he lay helplessly drunk. Soon after, while inebriated, he called at the house of Hon. Judge M., the father of Julia. These circumstances so much incensed Judge M., he forbade his daughter to receive any further attentions from Henry. Heart broken at this stern command, (for she had loved as only woman can love, with an affection which no earthly power could destroy or diminish,) yet not daring to disobey her father's mandate, Julia determined to attempt the reformation of her lover, hoping that, his irregular habits having been abandoned, her father might consent to the renewal of his visits.

It was the era of the Washingtonian reform, and the hearts of the philanthropic beat high with hope, as they saw the degraded and besotted drunkard throwing off his fetters, and breaking his allegiances to the destroyer, and with his own hand signing that second Declaration of Independence-the Washingtonian Pledge. It seemed that the Millenium was about to dawn on our benighted and sin-ruined world, and the songs of the redeemed take the place of the Bacchannalian shout, and the notes

of thanksgiving from hearts betwee bowed down with sorrow, be substituted for the voice of be seen two graves, the one that of Henry G., revelry. No change seemed to great—no reformation too wonderful; and there was not Henry's reformation had ceased, she began to and we be freed from the curse, the wretched- already made fearful progress, when Henry's ness, and the misery of intemperance. But death occurred, and in six short weeks after experience has proved that these were too that event, she, by her own request, was laid sanguine; and that the car of reform, though destined to eventual triumph, must move slowly yet surely.

not listen to their arguments, nor be prevailed wary to destruction! on by their entreaties. "He could govern himself," he said; "he knew when he had taken enough; he did not drink for the love of the liquor, but merely for the sake of being social."

Undismayed by defeat in this attempt, Julia esolved to change her mode of attack; and accordingly, having drawn up a pledge of total abstinence from all that can intoxicate, differing somewhat in its form from that used by the Washingtonians, she solicited the aid of her younger sister in attempting to persuade him to sign it. Ellen M., one of the most beautiful and gifted girls I ever knew, possessed that rare combination of energy, decision, and prudence, which admirably fitted her for this duty, and she entered upon it with zeal. Seeking him at those seasons when he was least under the influence of alcohol, she portrayed, in language of the most artless eloquence, and touching pathos, the consequences of the course he was pursuing; the wretchedness he was bringing upon himself and his friends, and her sister's anxiety in his behalf. Anon she would change the subject, and paint in vivid colors the happiness of the reformed, the ease of reformation, and the bright hopes of the future which awaited him. Poor Henry at first refused to sign the pledge, but as she continued to urge upon him its claims, his stubborn heart relented, and brushing a teardrop hastily from his eye, he affixed his signature to the instrument with a trembling hand.

and. Words cannot express the joy of Ellen M at her success. She flew with eager haste to her sister, and exhibiting the precious document, exclaimed-" 'Tis done! 'tis done! Henrv is free!"

Julia could hardly trust the evidence of her eyes as to the fact of the signature; but having obtained from her sister even the minutest details of her successful efforts, she seemed at length to comprehend its truth, but the emotion was too much for her feeble frame; she fainted from excessive joy, and it was with difficulty that animation was restored.

For eight weeks Henry kept the pledge most solemnly. He remained at home, frequenting no longer the house of dissipation, but devoting his attention to the adorning and improving his estate, which had suffered from his neglect. But he was not thus to escape from the snare of the fowler. The fiend in human shape, from whom he had formerly purchased the poison, had missed him from his accustomed haunts, and, indignant at losing so valnable a customer, had resolved to inveigle him back to his old habits. For this purpose he repaired to his house one morning early, and proposed a fishing excursion. Henry consented, and the two sauntered along the bank of a beautiful stream, near the village, where they angled for an hour or more with indifferent success, when the rumseller pulling from his pocket a flask of brandy, offered it to Henry, observing that he must be thirsty. Henry declined, however, despite his repeated solicitations, and his own desire for the liquor; and quenched his thirst from the brook.

Defeated, but not disheartened, T. resolved to lay another stratagem. Accordingly he directed his daughter to issue invitations for a large party, and to invite Henry G. among the guests. He furnished some choice wines for the party, and instructed his daughter to persuade Henry to drink with her. Actuated by the same demoniacal spirit with her father, she performed her part to perfection. She requested Henry to take a glass of wine with her, and when he respectfully declined, she urged it strongly, and rallied him so much on his want of gallantry, that he, who could never bear ridicule, at last drained his glass. That glass was his ruin! It roused his dormant thirst for alcohol, and ere he left the house that evening, he was intoxicated. The next morning early he was found at T.'s store, calling for a morning dram, and the heartless wretch smiled fiendishly at the success of his strat-

Numerous attempts were made to induce Henry again to abandon his cups, but in vain. He plunged deeper into dissipation, and at length, some two years after, during a carousal of more than ordinary duration, he was seized with delirium tremens, and in a paroxysm of the disease put an end to his own life.

A STATE OF THE STATE OF

wanting those who prophesied that ere long droop and wither like the flower smitten by Alcohol would be banished from our shores, the breath of the tempest. Her disease had by his side, the victim of consumption!

O ye, who by your magic smiles and frowns rule the world, be warned by this simple but But to return. Julia attempted time and again to bring her lover under the influence of side of temperance, and not, like the fabled the Washingtonians, but in vain. He would siren to lure, by your enchantments, the un-

From the Massachusetts Journal. THE RUNAWAY MARRIAGE.

"Whose house is that with white capped chimnies, black sashed windows, and a nice little martin box, just an epitome of the State House? It either belongs to a rich man with snug ideas of an establishment, or to some thriving carpenter. A man never built a house so well unless it were for himself or for money."

"You have guessed right. It belongs to a young carpenter, who has one of the most capable, genteel wives in the world. In a quick perception of beauty, and faculty for tasteful arrangement, she is a trifle above him : but in mind and character she is his equal; 'tis a simple and natural superiority, never disturbing the harmony of happiness. Her father was an odd, ill-tempered man, who grew immediately rich by the sale of flour, and lost it all in the payment of penalties incurred by his knavery His wife was a coarse, ignorant woman and a termigant. Never was there a more singular instance of superfluity of wealth united with the most utter ignorance of, its use. Mirrors and chandeliers glittered in the parlor, while the family ate with their domestics from one common dish on the kitchen table; and artists were paid twice the value of their portraits by the people who requested to be taken in blue attire. That their little daughter Susan should have been gentle tempered is not surprising, for the poor child had been frightened into meekness; but why the scion of such a stock should have been fair and graceful, it is difficult to say. Yet so it was; and the prettyness and timidity of the little creature attracted the attention of a maternal uncle, who being a childless widower, fostered her with care and kindness to which she had been totally unused. When she was fourteen years old her uncle died, leaving her a fortune of eight thousand dollars, to be paid on her wedding day, About this time her father was discovered in several knavish practices, and began to tremble for his

Worse than he dreaded came upon him; and the fortune of his little daughter seemed all that could save him from utter poverty. Destitute as these parents were of natural affection, it is not strange that they should resolve to sacrifice the happiness of their child to their own selfish views. Lest her eight thousand should attract admirers, the poor child was shut up in a chamber, and fordidden to read any books, for fear they should fill her head full of romantic notions. Fate, however, will sometimes over-rule the nicest calculations of a man Sugan had a fine head of soft, glossy brown hair, which she took much pleasure in arranging neatly. When she was about fifteen years of age, it chanced she one day left her comb in the parlor, and returned in haste to find it with her hair falling almost to her feet, like an ample drapery of Persian silk. Young Mr. Blanchard, the best carpenter in our village, happened to be there, mending a door which Mr. Cromwell had broken in one of his fits of rage: he glanced at the blushing girl, as she darted out of the room, and by way of flattering the mother, observed, "Your daughter has beautiful hair ma'am."

"Her hair is no concern of yours, that I know of," replied the furious beldame. Human nature is certainly strangely perverse, in some cases. Had it not been for this uncivil answer, the young man would probably never again have thought of Susan Cromwell and her beautiful hair; but now the thought just flitted through his mind, how delightfully provoking it would be, if he could get up an interest in the heart of this harshly treated daughter. There seemed, however, little prospect of his obtaining opportunity; for Susan was kept more closely than ever, and lest her hair should again attract attention, her father tied her hands behind her, while her mother shaved it close to her head.

A year passed, and Mr. Blanchard saw Susan only once; and that at her chamber window. At the end of that time there was a school established about a quarter of a mile from their dwelling, in which lace working was taught. Old Mrs. Cremwell had, as she expressed herself, long "hankered arter a white worked wail;" but it was contrary to all her ideas of economy to give the price usually asked at the stores. It was, therefore, agreed

that Susan should attend long enough to work such an one as her mother desired.

To avoid danger, she was never allowed to leave home until ten minutes before the school commenced; a written account of the time she arrived was once a week demanded from her instructress, and the horsewhip faithfully administered was the sure consequence of a tardy return to her father's dwelling, How, with all these restrictions, young Blanchard managed to see her to inquire into the hardships of her forlorn condition, and to offer her his protection, is a mystery; but love is more noted than the Yankees for patent inventions, and never yet was known to be at a loss to effect his pur-

It was one bright Saturday in June-the appointed time of Susan's return had long elapsed, and she was not seen in her homeward path. The horsewhip was prepared, and the loving parents sat "nursing their wrath to keep it warm," for a full hour, still no Sosan appeared! A domestic sent to the school house, returned with the tidings that she had not been there. The jade has run away," exclaimed the mother; and forth the father sallied to wreak his vengeance on something. His inquiries were all fruitless; for so far did Yankee goodness of heart overcome their natural proneness to communicativeness, that no one would tell the truth, though half the village knew that Blanchard's chaise had been standing at the school house door, waiting for Susan's arrival, and that before the alarm was given, they were in all human probability husband and wife."

At last, one old gossip, who prided herself upon being the first to tell the news, placed her arms akimbo, and looking up in his face in a most provoking air, exclaimed, "La zur, Mr-Cromwell, what a tub of suds you are in! Didn't you know Susan had gone to Providence to be married ?" "Gone to Providence to be married!" shouted he, He said no more, but slamming the door after him went to his own house as if steam had sent him there. A large black pitcher, from which he and his laborers had drank beer during many a haying season, was standing on the corner of the table. Cromwell, in the blindness of his rage, mistook it for nis wife's favorite black cat, and exclaiming s'cat!" he gave it a blow that shivered it to a thousand atoms.

"What's the pitcher done?" asked the virago, surprised at such an unprovoked display of his strength. "None of your business-it's broke, and I'm glad of it; if it was whole, I'd break it again. Here is a pretty spot of workand it all comes of your-lace wail. Susan has gone to Providence to get married!"

"To be married," screamed his mate. "Let's be up and arter her."

vas harnessed to the chaise with all speed; and in ten minutes they were on their way to Rhode Island.

Mr. Blauchard had foreseen the probability of pursuit; and had therefore made arrangements that his wife should return with one of the young men who attended as witnesses, while the other should ride with him disguised in her cloak and bonnet.

About half-way between here and Providence the parties met. Old Cromwell seized the bridegroom's horse by the head, while his enraged wife proceeded to use the whip about her supposed daughter. In the meantime the real bride and her attendants swept by, and rode at a rapid rate, till they reached the residence of Mr. Blanchard's father.

The bridegroom's companion was a man of powerful muscle. While he kept his two antagonists occupied, Blanchard touched the whip to his father-in-law's high mettled steed, which pursued the road to Providence as if he had been spurred by the evil one.

The combat was now equal, and seemed. ikely to continue long; but the young men, availing themselves of a temporary pause, sprang to their chaise and were out of sight in a tangent.

Few objects could be more Cromwell and his wife thus left alone and exhausted in the middle of the road, far from their own home. Both looked heartily ashamed of their defeat; and there was a moment's silence before the termagant summoned heart enough to speak, "Where do you suppose our horse is?" "Gone to Providence to get married, you old fool !" replied he, throwing his whip on the ground with a force that made the neighboring cows stop grazing.

A passing stage took up our discomforted travellers: and Susan for many months found happy home in her husband's family. Mr. Cromwell was very refractory about the eight thousand; but he was finally compelled to pay it.

Vexation and shame have induced him to leave the village for Kentucky; and Mr. and Mrs. Blanchard have for several years occupied the neat dwelling you pointed out to me.

Marrying a female for her beauty, is said to be like eating a bird for its singing.